AppKit: Using the DS1302 Trickle Charge Timekeeping Chip

This AppKit shows how to use the Dallas Semiconductor DS1302 Trickle Charge Timekeeping Chip with the Parallax BASIC Stamp[®] II single-board computer or BASIC Stamp[®] IIsx single-board computer. Codes for the BASIC Stamp[®] IIsx are included on the media that came in this kit.

Description

The DS1302 is a real-time clock / calendar with 31 bytes of static RAM. The real time clock counts seconds, minutes, hours, date of the month, month, day of the week, and year with leap year compensation. The DS1302 requires 2.5 – 5.5 volt full operation, and uses less than 300 nA at 2.5 volts. The DS1302 communicates with a microcontroller such as Stamp through a three-wire serial connection.

A temporary connection to a controller establishes the DS1302's time. Thereafter, the chip can operate as a stand-alone clock. This AppKit shows how to program the time into the DS1302, and then allow the clock to operate independently while updating time to the BASIC Stamp. The DS1302 has dual power supply pins for primary and backup, the latter which may be powered by a super cap input or rechargeable battery. The projects relies on the chip's primary power supply input (V_{CC2}) .

Hardware interface

The DS1302 interfaces with controllers through a three-wire connection, consisting of a serial clock (SCLK) for data input, input/output line (I/O) for connection to the clock input, and reset (RST) for turning on control logic which accesses the shift register ad provides a method of terminating either single byte or multiple byte data transfer. The power supply pin (V_{CC2}) and ground (GND) may be connected to the Stamps +5V and ground, respectively see figure 1.0. The DS1302's X1 and X2 pins are connected to the leads of the 32.768 kHz crystal.¹



¹ The DS1302 chip (part #251-03230 priced at \$6.00 for quantity one) and 32.768 kHz crystals (part #251-03230 priced at \$3.00 quantity one) may also be ordered individually from Parallax .





The figure 1.1 shows how to connect the DS1302 to the Stamp for demo program DS1302_3 which programs the time into the chip, and will allow the user to setup the charging circuit that is built on the Ds1302. **NOTE: USE ONLY SUPER CAPS OR NICKEL-CADMUIM BATTERIES.**

Software interface

From a software standpoint, using the DS1302 requires only a few steps:

- (1) Identify clock starting time using different variable time registers.
- (2) Reset the chip and send it an instruction telling it the starting time.
- (3) Read the time from the chip and debug it to the PC.
- (4) Deactivate RST after each step by taking it low.

The program listings and data sheets show these processes in detail.

Tips for using the DS1302

- If you are going to use a capacitor or rechargeable battery to operate the chip. You will power the chip on the power supply pin (V_{CC2}). Connect VCC1 to a the + lead of the capacitor/ rechargeable battery, and connect the negative lead of the capacitor/ rechargeable battery to ground. In software you will set the number of diodes and amount of resistance you need see code DS1302_3. The DS1302 charges the capacitor/ rechargeable battery at the state you set. Why the power is removed the capacitor/ rechargeable battery will power the DS1302. Depending on the size of the capacitor/ rechargeable battery the charge could last for a few days.
- Use the DS1302's RAM as extra storage space for the Stamp. The 31 bytes could be used for variable storage, and with the cap circuit described above this could be battery backed-up RAM (though it's not non-volatile).
- The DS1302's clock calculates leap years up the year 2100. In order to make this work you must set the day of the week properly to handle the date compensation.



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Solder the crystal leads very close to the DS1302 the chip since any additional lead capacitance will change the timing
and make the clock either fast or slow. Always use either of the two crystals recommended by Dallas in the attached
data sheet.

BASIC Stamp II (BS2-IC) Program Listing #1

* Title: DS1302_1.BS2 Author: Jeff A Martin Date: 5/18/98	*
 ** Description: This BASIC Stamp II program interfaces to the Dallas Ser ** DS1302 Real Time Clock (RTC) chip. The date and time is ** read and displayed in long and short formats on the debug ** screen. 	ni. *
1*	*
* Notes: This program can be modified to fit into a smaller code space.	*
* It is not written as compact as possible to make it more readable	*
* and to demonstrate all the useful functions of the chip.	
* The DS1302 features seconds, minutes, hours (AM/PM-12/24 m	odes),
* date of month, month, day of week and year time-keeping with	*
* leap year compensation valid up to 2100. Scratchpad RAM men	nory
* (31 bytes), single-byte and multi-byte reads and writes, software	*
* clock-halt, software write-protection, trickle charge and	
* operation down to 2.0 volts @ 300 nA are other notable features.	
1**************************************	

'Define I/O pins and RTC variables

CON	0
N 1	
CON	2
VAR	BYTE
VAR	BYTE
VAR	BYTE
AR	BYTE
VAR	BYTE
	CON N 1 CON VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR

'Define RTC Command Constants

SecReg	CON	%00000
MinReg C	ON	%00001
HrsReg	CON	%00010
DateReg	CON	%00011
MonReg	CON	%00100
DayReg	CON	%00101

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YrReg	CON	%00110		
CtrlReg C	ON	%00111		
TChgReg)	CON	%01000	
BrstReg	CON	%11111		
'Define D	ays-Of-\	Neek, Month	and AM/PM text.	
'All text is	stored i	n EEPROM v	ith a binary 0 as the end-of-text of	haracter:
Sun	DATA	"Sun",0		
Mon	DATA	"Mon",0		
Tue	DATA	"Tues",0		
Wed	DATA '	'Wednes",0		
Thu	DATA	"Thurs",0		
Fri	DATA	"Fri" ,0		
Sat	DATA '	'Satur",0		
Jan	DATA	"January",0		
Feb	DATA	"February",0		
Mar	DATA	"March",0		
Apr	DATA	"April",0		
May	DATA	"May",0		
Jun	DATA	"June",0		
Jul	DATA	"July",0		
Aug	DATA '	'August",0		
Sep	DATA '	'September",)	
Oct	DATA '	'October",0		
Nov	DATA	"November",		
Dcm	DATA	"December",		
AM	DATA	" AM",0		
PM	DATA	" PM",0		
'Set I/O pi	n states	and direction	5	
OUTS =	%00000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000) 'All logic low	
DIRS = %	600000	000000011	'I/O 0,1 and 2 are outp	ut, rest are input
Initialize:				
'Set Time	e and Da	ate to 05/18/9	3 - 3:00 PM	
'NOTE: D)ate mu	st be set only	once for every power-up of DS1	302 chip.
Dav =	\$02		Monday	
Month	= \$05		May	
Date =	\$18	'18th	5	
Year =	\$98	'1998		
Hours	= \$15		3:00 PM (in 24-hour mode)	
Minutes	= \$00		. ,	
Seconds	6 = \$00			
GOSUB	SetTime	eAndDate		

Loop:

'Read out all date and time values and display them in two formats on

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'the debug screen. GOSUB ReadRTCBurst DEBUG HOME,"LONG FORMAT DATE AND TIME:",CR GOSUB PrintLongDate GOSUB Print12HourTime DEBUG CR, CR, "SHORT FORMAT DATE AND TIME:", CR GOSUB PrintShortDate GOSUB Print24HourTime GOTO Loop PrintLongDate: 'Print long date format on debug screen LOOKUP Day-1,[Sun,Mon,Tue,Wed,Thu,Fri,Sat],Idx **GOSUB** Printlt DEBUG "day, " LOOKUP Month-1,[Jan,Feb,Mar,Apr,May,Jun,Jul,Aug,Sep,Oct,Nov,Dcm],Idx **GOSUB** Printlt 'NOTE: The following line prints the proper 4-digit year for the years '1990 through 2089 DEBUG " ",HEX2 Date,", ",DEC2 20-(Year/90),HEX2 Year, CR RETURN

PrintShortDate: 'Print short date format on debug screen DEBUG HEX2 Month,"/",HEX2 Date,"/",HEX2 Year, CR RETURN

Print12HourTime: 'Print 12-hour time format on debug screen 'NOTE: The DS1302 has 12 and 24 hour time-keeping modes (bit 7 of HrsReg 'sets 12/24 mode and bit 5 indicates AM/PM or 20+ hours). For purposes 'of this example, we're using 24 hour mode only, and converting it to '12-hour in the next two lines below. DEBUG DEC2 12-(24-(Hours.HIGHNIB*10+Hours.LOWNIB)//12),":",HEX2 Minutes,":",HEX2 Seconds LOOKUP Hours/\$12,[AM,PM],Idx GOSUB PrintIt RETURN

Print24HourTime: 'Print 24-hour time format on debug screen DEBUG HEX2 Hours,":",HEX2 Minutes,":",HEX2 Seconds RETURN

Printlt: 'Prints zero (0) terminated text from EEPROM READ Idx,Value 'Get next character IF Value = 0 THEN Finished 'Make sure it's not a binary 0

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DEBUG Value 'Display it on screen Idx = Idx + 1GOTO Printlt Finished: RETURN WriteRTCRAM: 'Write to DS1302 RAM Register **HIGH RTCCS** SHIFTOUT Dta, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%0\1,RTCCmd\5,%11\2,Value] LOW RTCCS RETURN WriteRTC: 'Write to DS1302 **HIGH RTCCS** SHIFTOUT Dta, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%0\1,RTCCmd\5,%10\2,Value] LOW RTCCS RETURN ReadRTCBurst: 'Read all time-keeping registers in one burst **HIGH RTCCS** SHIFTOUT DTA, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%1\1,BrstReg\5,%10\2] SHIFTIN DTA, Clk, LSBPRE, [Seconds, Minutes, Hours, Date, Month, Day, Year] LOW RTCCS RFTURN ReadRTCRAM: 'Read DS1302 RAM Register **HIGH RTCCS** SHIFTOUT DTA, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%1\1,RTCCmd\5,%11\2] SHIFTIN DTA, Clk, LSBPRE, [Value] LOW RTCCS RETURN SetTimeAndDate: 'Write time values into all time-keeping registers, being sure to clear 'the write-protect bit in CtrlReg before the write, and set the 'write-protect bit after the write FOR Idx = 0 TO 8 LOOKUP Idx,[0,Seconds,Minutes,Hours,Date,Month,Day,Year,128],Value LOOKUP ldx,[CtrlReg, SecReg, MinReg, HrsReg, DateReg, MonReg, DayReg, YrReg, CtrlReg],RTCCmd **GOSUB WriteRTC** NEXT RETURN



BASIC Stamp II (BS2-IC) Program Listing #2

1* Title: DS1302_2.BS2 Author: Jeff A Martin Date: 5/18/98 1* '* Description: Shortened version of DS1302_1.BS2. * '* DATA (49) RTCCmd VAR BYTE Clk CON 0 Dta CON 1 RTCReset CON 2 Temp VAR BYTE Seconds VAR BYTE Minutes VAR BYTE Hours VAR BYTE Date VAR BYTE Month VAR BYTE Year VAR BYTE VAR BYTE 1 Define Constants SecReg CON %00000 MinReg CON %00001 HrsReg CON %00010 DateReg CON %00011 MonReg CON %00100 YrReg CON %00110 CtrlReg CON %00111 BrstReg CON %11111 DIRS = %000000000111111 OUTS = %000000000000000 ' Clear Write Protect bit in control register Temp = \$10 RTCCmd = CtrlReg GOSUB WriteRTC Temp = \$98 RTCCmd = YrReq**GOSUB WriteRTC** Temp = \$08 RTCCmd = MonReg**GOSUB WriteRTC** Temp = \$27 RTCCmd = DateReg

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GOSUB WriteRTC Temp = \$48RTCCmd = MinReg **GOSUB WriteRTC** Temp = \$00RTCCmd = SecReg**GOSUB WriteRTC** Temp = \$80 RTCCmd = CtrlReg**GOSUB WriteRTC** Loop: GOSUB ReadRTCBurst DEBUG HOME, DEC Hours. HIGHNIB, DEC Hours. LOWNIB, ":", DEC Minutes. HIGHNIB DEBUG DEC Minutes.LOWNIB.":".DEC Seconds.HIGHNIB.DEC Seconds.LOWNIB DEBUG " ", DEC Month.HIGHNIB, DEC Month.LOWNIB,"/" DEBUG DEC Date.HIGHNIB, DEC Date.LOWNIB,"/",DEC Year.HIGHNIB, DEC Year.LOWNIB,CR GOTO Loop WriteRTCRAM: Write to DS1202 RTC **HIGH RTCReset** SHIFTOUT Dta, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%0\1,RTCCmd\5,%11\2,Temp] LOW RTCReset RETURN WriteRTC: 'Write to DS1202 RTC **HIGH RTCReset** SHIFTOUT Dta, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%0\1,RTCCmd\5,%10\2,Temp] LOW RTCReset RFTURN ReadRTCBurst: **HIGH RTCReset** SHIFTOUT DTA, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%1\1,BrstReg\5,%10\2] SHIFTIN DTA, Clk, LSBPRE, [Seconds, Minutes, Hours, Date, Month, Year, Year] LOW RTCReset RETURN ReadRTCRAM: **HIGH RTCReset** SHIFTOUT DTA, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%1\1,RTCCmd\5,%11\2] SHIFTIN DTA, Clk, LSBPRE, [Temp] LOW RTCReset RETURN



'{\$Stamp Bs2}

'BASIC Stamp II (BS2-IC) Program Listing #3	****	
Title: DS1302_3.BS2 Author: Stephen Swanson Date: 1/11/99	*	t
* Description: Trickle Charge timer enabled version of DS1302_2.BS2.	*	*
1**************************************	****	

DATA (49)

RTCCmd		VAR	BYTE
Clk		CON	0
Dta	CON	1	
RTCRese	et	CON	2
Temp	VAR	BYTE	
Seconds	VAR	BYTE	
Minutes V	'AR	BYTE	
Hours	VAR	BYTE	
Date	VAR	BYTE	
Month	VAR	BYTE	
Year	VAR	BYTE	
I	VAR	BYTE	
'Define Co	onstants		
SecReg	CON	%00000	
MinReg (CON	%00001	
HrsReg	CON	%00010	
DateReg	CON	%00011	
MonReg	CON	%00100	
YrReg	CON	%00110	
CtrlReg C	ON	%00111	
BrstReg	CON	%11111	
Tric CO	N %100	10000	
'Trickle tin	ne charge	er settings	
OFF	CON	%1111100	nn 'turr

		0
OFF	CON	%11110000 'turns off trickle charge
D1R1	CON	%10100101 '1 diode 1 resistor
D1R2	CON	%10100110 '1 diode 2 resistor
D1R3	CON	%10100111 '1 diode 3 resistor
D2R1	CON	%10101001 '2 diode 1 resistor
D2R2	CON	%10101010 '2 diode 2 resistor
D2R3	CON	%10101011 '2 diode 3 resistor
DIRS = %000000000111111		
OUTS = %000000000000000		

' Clear Write Protect bit in control register Temp = \$10 RTCCmd = CtrlReg

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GOSUB WriteRTC Temp = \$98 RTCCmd = YrReg **GOSUB WriteRTC** Temp = \$08 RTCCmd = MonReg **GOSUB WriteRTC** Temp = \$27 RTCCmd = DateReg **GOSUB WriteRTC** Temp = \$48 RTCCmd = MinReg GOSUB WriteRTC Temp = \$00RTCCmd = SecReg **GOSUB WriteRTC** ' trickle timer settings Temp = off 'changes this variable to off or the setting that you want the ds1302 to charge at see data sheet RTCCmd = TRIC GOSUB trick Temp = \$80 RTCCmd = CtrlReg **GOSUB WriteRTC** Loop: GOSUB ReadRTCBurst DEBUG HOME, DEC Hours. HIGHNIB, DEC Hours. LOWNIB, ":", DEC Minutes. HIGHNIB DEBUG DEC Minutes.LOWNIB, ":", DEC Seconds.HIGHNIB, DEC Seconds.LOWNIB DEBUG " ", DEC Month.HIGHNIB, DEC Month.LOWNIB,"/" DEBUG DEC Date.HIGHNIB, DEC Date.LOWNIB,"/",DEC Year.HIGHNIB, DEC Year.LOWNIB,CR GOTO Loop WriteRTCRAM: 'Write to DS1202 RTC **HIGH RTCReset** SHIFTOUT Dta, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%0\1,RTCCmd\5,%11\2,Temp] LOW RTCReset RETURN WriteRTC: 'Write to DS1202 RTC **HIGH RTCReset**

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SHIFTOUT Dta, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%0\1,RTCCmd\5,%10\2,Temp]

LOW RTCReset RETURN Trick: HIGH rtcreset SHIFTOUT Dta, Clk, LSBFIRST, [RTCCmd, Temp] LOW RTCReset return ReadRTCBurst: **HIGH RTCReset** SHIFTOUT DTA, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%1\1,BrstReg\5,%10\2] SHIFTIN DTA, Clk, LSBPRE, [Seconds, Minutes, Hours, Date, Month, Year, Year] LOW RTCReset RETURN ReadRTCRAM: **HIGH RTCReset** SHIFTOUT DTA, Clk, LSBFIRST, [%1\1,RTCCmd\5,%11\2] SHIFTIN DTA, Clk, LSBPRE, [Temp] LOW RTCReset

RETURN

